



Knihovna

EBSCO Discovery Service Search Guidelines



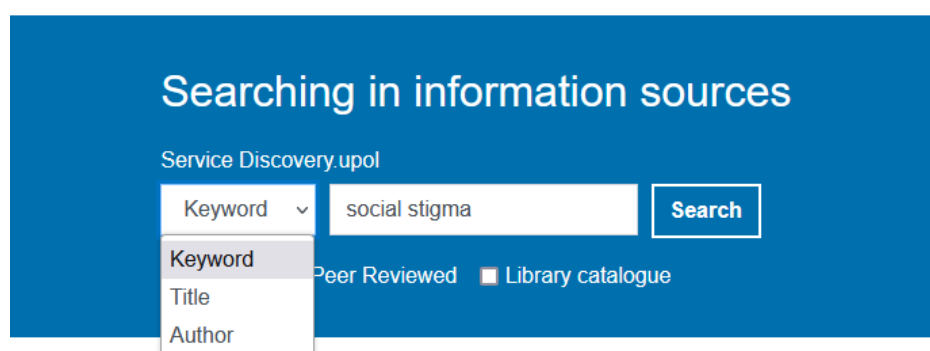
EBSCO Discovery Service

<http://discovery.upol.cz> or <https://ezdroje.upol.cz>

EBSCO Discovery Service (from now on referred to as EDS) is a system that allows you to search and retrieve content from the electronic information resources of the Palacký University Library from a single location. It includes university-wide subscription databases, the Palacký University Library catalogue, and freely available resources. Although the resulting collection of sources searched by EDS is extensive, the central index ensures speedy response times.

Basic Search

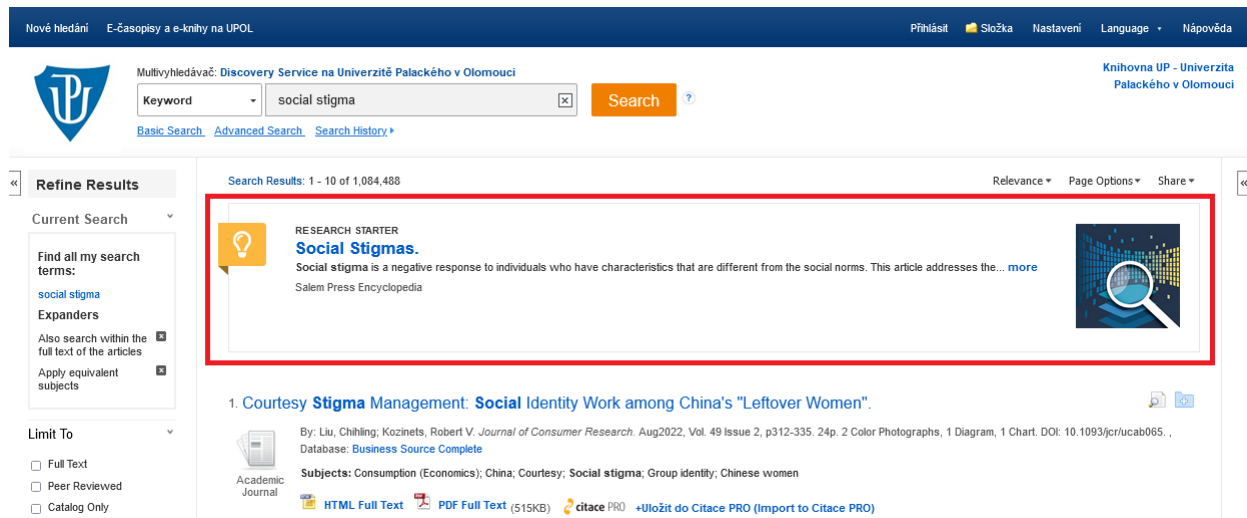
On the home page of the e-resources portal, enter keywords, the title of the document you are looking for, or the author's name in the search window.



The search results are then displayed directly in the EDS environment and can be further edited, as detailed in the advanced search on page 3. In the upper right corner, you can select the language version of the system.

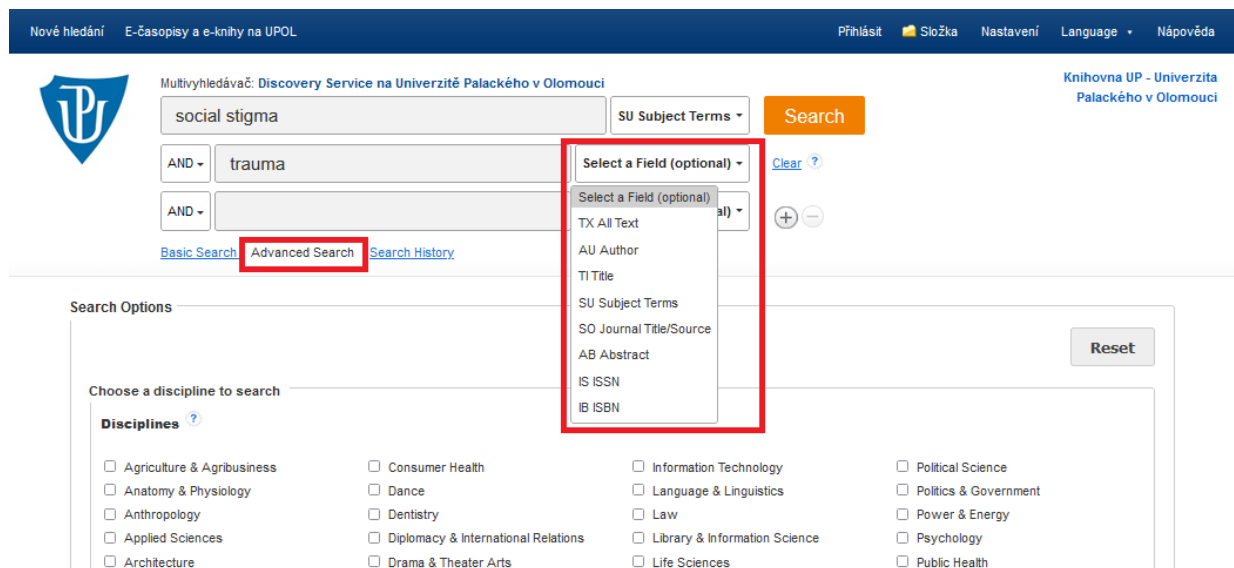
Research starters

For some terms, so-called Research starters appear at the beginning of the search results. These are used to understand the topic and may contain additional valuable keywords to search for.



Advanced Search

Because the results of a basic EDS search are usually very numerous (sometimes in the hundreds of thousands to millions), it is often preferable to select **Advanced Search**. When searching, you can combine multiple keywords with different fields such as *Author*, *Title*, *Abstract*, *ISSN*, *ISBN*, *Subject Terms*, etc.



To combine multiple keywords or phrases (technical terms), use the Boolean operators **AND**, **OR**, **NOT**:

AND – guarantees the occurrence of all entered keywords; the found records will contain all entered terms at the same time: *chronic disease AND quality of life*

OR – used for synonyms, acronyms, and semantically similar keywords; the found records will contain at least one of the following terms: *chronic disease OR chronic illness*

NOT – used to exclude a word or term: *chronic disease NOT chronic pain*

" " – the search engine will consider words enclosed in quotation marks as the exact phrase that must appear exactly like this in the results, for example: *"patient attitude"*

* – the right-hand extension of the keyword, i.e., an asterisk after the root of the word allows searching for the word and its other forms: *alcohol** → *alcohol, alcoholic, alcoholics, alcoholism, ...*

Specification of results

You can further edit (filter) the search results on the left side of the screen. In the **Refine Results** section (1), you can move the timeline and check that you want only peer-reviewed journals, full-text articles, or only those records available in the library collection. Further restrictions are possible by document type, topic, publisher, language, geographic destination, or source database.

The screenshot shows a search results interface. On the left is a 'Refine Results' sidebar. The main area displays three search results. Annotations are placed as follows:

- 1**: Points to the 'Limit To' section in the sidebar, which includes checkboxes for 'Full Text', 'Peer Reviewed', and 'Catalog Only', along with a date range filter (From: 2000, To: 2022).
- 2**: Points to the 'HTML Full Text' and 'PDF Full Text' links for the second result.
- 3**: Points to the 'Full Text Finder' link for the first result.
- 4**: Points to the 'citace PRO' link for the third result.

The search results shown are:

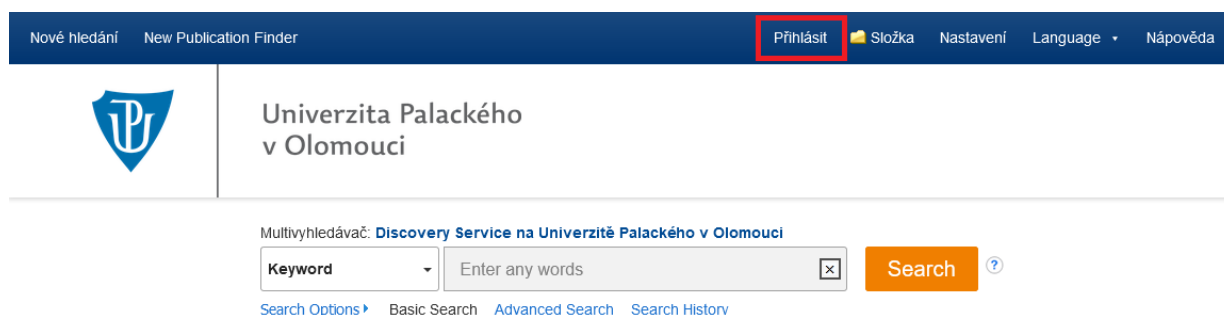
- Cultural trauma as a fundamental cause of health disparities.**
Subica, Andrew M.; Link, Bruce G.; Social Science & Medicine, Vol 292, Jan, 2022 ArtID: 114574. Publisher: Elsevier Science; [Journal Article], Database: APA PsycInfo
Subjects: Policy Making; Stigma; Trauma; Health Disparities; Oppression
Full Text Finder citace PRO +Uložít do Citace PRO (Import to Citace PRO)
- Who has to tell their trauma story and how hard will it be? Influence of cultural stigma and narrative redemption on the storytelling of sexual violence.**
Delker, Brianna C.; Salton, Rowan; McLean, Kate C.; Syed, Moin; PLoS ONE, Vol 15(6), Jun 5, 2020 ArtID: e0234201. Publisher: Public Library of Science; [Journal Article], Database: APA PsycInfo
Subjects: Narratives; Sex Offenses; Stigma; Trauma; Violence; Adulthood (18 yrs & older); Young Adulthood (18-29 yrs); Thirties (30-39 yrs); Middle Age (40-64 yrs); Aged (65 yrs & older); Male; Female
HTML Full Text PDF Full Text citace PRO +Uložít do Citace PRO (Import to Citace PRO)
- Risk factors associated with experienced stigma among people diagnosed with mental ill-health: a cross-sectional study**
By: Nugent, C.; Rosato, M.; Hughes, L.; Leavey, G.. In: *Psychiatric Quarterly*. 92(2):633-643; Springer US Language: English, Database: Springer Nature Journals
Subjects: Mental illness; Stigma; Religiosity; Quality of Life; Trauma; Social Support
Show all 4 Images
PDF Full Text citace PRO +Uložít do Citace PRO (Import to Citace PRO)

If full text is available for a record, you can click on the **HTML** or **PDF** icon (2) to view it or use the **Full Text Finder** (3) to link to the database where the full text should be available. Click on the **citace PRO** link (4) to view the record's citation according to the ISO 690 standard (or log

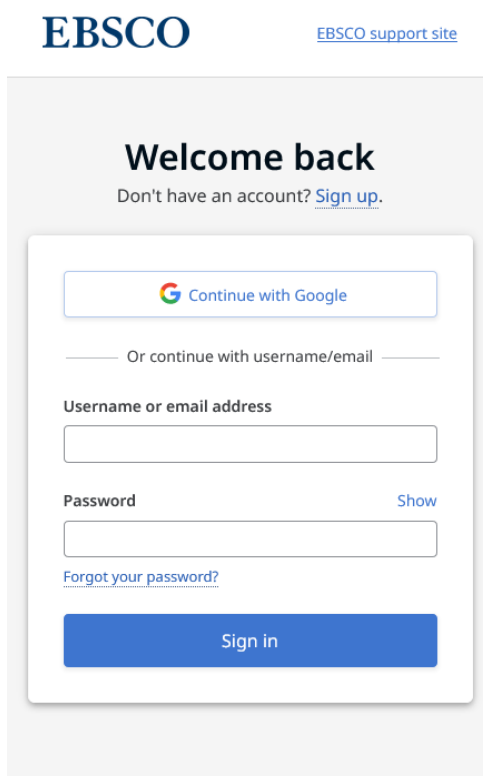
in to your account in the Citation Manager Citation PRO Plus and save the source. You can find more information on the manager [here](#)).

You can also sort the results (by relevance or date), customize their display on the page, save them to a folder or share them.


You can create your free account in EDS by clicking on **Přihlásit** on the right side of the top bar, followed by simple registration.



The screenshot shows the top navigation bar of the University of Palacký in Olomouc website. The bar is dark blue with white text. On the left, it says "Nové hledání" and "New Publication Finder". In the center, there is a logo of the university. On the right, there are links: "Přihlásit" (highlighted with a red box), "Složka", "Nastavení", "Language", and "Nápověda". Below the navigation bar, there is a search bar with the text "Multivyhledávač: Discovery Service na Univerzitě Palackého v Olomouci". The search bar has a "Keyword" dropdown menu, a text input field with the placeholder "Enter any words", and a "Search" button. Below the search bar, there are links: "Search Options", "Basic Search", "Advanced Search", and "Search History".



The screenshot shows the EBSCO login page. At the top, there is the EBSCO logo and a link to the "EBSCO support site". Below this, there is a "Welcome back" message and a link to "Sign up" for users who don't have an account. The main part of the page is a login form with a "Continue with Google" button. Below this, there is a section for "Or continue with username/email" with fields for "Username or email address" and "Password". There is a "Show" link next to the password field and a "Forgot your password?" link. At the bottom of the form is a "Sign in" button.

After logging in, it is possible to permanently save found records by clicking on the icon  or the current search and return to them. It is also possible to set an alert (automatic notification) for a searching query or a specific magazine (see drop-down menu **Share**). Then you will receive notifications about new records that match the set alert to the specified email according to the selected frequency. You can manage and edit the saved alerts in the folder.

After the full text of the article is displayed, you can work with it further – download it, print it, save it to a folder, generate a citation, and a permanent link (see icons on the right in the following picture).

AIDS CARE, 2016
VOL. 28, NO. 3, 347-353
<http://dx.doi.org/10.1080/09540121.2015.1096894>

Trauma symptoms, internalized stigma, social support, and sexual risk behavior among HIV-positive gay and bisexual MSM who have sought sex partners online

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Department of Psychology, University of Connecticut, Storrs, CT, USA

ABSTRACT
Gay, bisexual, and other men who have sex with men (MSM) remain the highest risk group for HIV infection. One reason is the increased use of the Internet to meet potential sex partners, which is associated with greater sexual risk behavior. To date, few studies have investigated psychosocial predictors of sexual risk behavior among gay and bisexual men seeking sex partners online. The purpose of the current study was to test a conceptual model of the relationships between trauma symptoms indexed on the event of HIV diagnosis, internalized HIV stigma, and social support on sexual risk behavior among gay and bisexual MSM who seek sex partners online. A sample of 142 gay and bisexual MSM recruited on- and offline completed a comprehensive online assessment battery assessing the factors noted above. A number of associations emerged; most notably internalized HIV stigma mediated the relationship between trauma-related symptoms indexed on the event of HIV diagnosis and sexual risk behavior with HIV-negative and unknown serostatus sex partners. This suggests that gay and bisexual MSM who are in greater distress over their HIV diagnosis and who are more sensitive to HIV stigma engage in more HIV transmission risk behavior. As sexual risk environments expand with the increasing use of the Internet to connect with others for sex, it is important to understand the predictors of sexual risk behavior so that tailored interventions can promote sexual health for gay and bisexual MSM seeking sex online.

ARTICLE HISTORY
Received 2 April 2015
Accepted 16 September 2015

KEYWORDS
Gay/bisexual MSM; trauma; internalized HIV stigma; social support; sexual risk behavior; Internet

The Internet is a common venue to meet sex partners and companions, and it allows for meeting a great number of people in a wide geographical range while retaining anonymity. However, meeting people online for sex has been associated with higher rates of sexual risk behavior, HIV, and STI transmission (Benotsch, sexual compulsivity; Halkitis & Parsons, 2003; Kalichman, Cherry, Cain, Pope, & Kalichman, 2005). No studies, to date, have examined how other relevant psychosocial factors, such as trauma symptoms, HIV-related stigma, and social support, impact sexual risk-taking in a sample of men who have met sex partners online.

Publication Finder

In the page's top menu, select item **New Publication Finder** to search for specific publications – by title, topic, or ISSN/ISBN.

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PUBLICATION FINDER
an EBSCOhost Experience

[Search Home](#) [Browse Databases](#) [Browse Subjects](#)

Searching: Publication Finder

[Title](#) [Contains](#) Search Title

[All](#)

Browse publications by name

A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O

All AA AB AC AD AE AF AG AH AI AJ AK AL AM AN AO

Browse Databases **Browse Subjects**

After searching for the title, the link *Full Text Access* will appear. Clicking on it will display all databases that provide access to the full text of a particular publication.

The extent of availability may vary from database to database.

The screenshot shows the EDS search interface. At the top, the search bar contains 'Journal of Clinical Psychology'. Below the search bar, there are filters for 'Title', 'Contains', and 'All'. On the left side, there is a 'Refine results' section with a list of filters: 'LIMIT TO' (Peer Reviewed Journals: 19), 'RESOURCES' (Journal: 27, Newspaper: 1), and 'SUBJECTS' (Psychology: 14, Clinical Psychology: 3, Internal Medicine: 2, Health & Medicine (General): 1, Medical Sciences: 1, Psychiatry: 1, Sports & Leisure (General): 1). On the right side, the search results are displayed. The first result is 'Journal of Clinical Psychology', which is a peer-reviewed journal. The result details include the ISSN (0021-9762; 1097-4679), subject (Psychology), publisher (John Wiley & Sons Incorporated), and alternate titles. A red box highlights the 'Full Text Access' section, which lists three databases: 'Academic Search Ultimate' (01/01/1945 - Present (Full Text Delay: 1 year)), 'MEDLINE Complete' (01/01/1945 - Present (Full Text Delay: 1 year)), and 'Wiley Online Library' (01/01/1997 - Present).

Access outside the UP network

You can work with the EDS search engine in the university network (at individual faculties, in the Palacký University Library, in dormitories) or as a **guest** with limited possibilities, e.g. access to full texts. You will have to log in institutionally when trying to obtain full texts.

Remote access (from home, abroad) is possible via:

- **Institutional Login** (Shibboleth), you only need to enter your login name and password for the UP Portal here:

<http://search.ebscohost.com/login.aspx?authtype=shib&custid=s7108593&profile=eds>

Then you have the full texts available, except for a few databases that don't support Shibboleth.

- **VPN connection** (you can find the instructions for setting up a VPN [here](#)); once you configure the computer, you can work with EDS as if you were on the UP network.